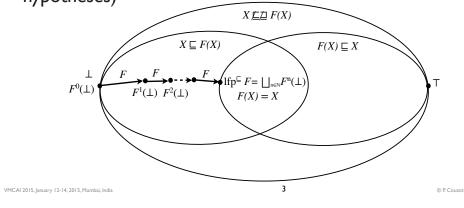


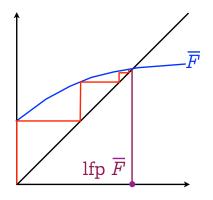
Fixpoints

- Poset (or pre-order) $\langle D, \sqsubseteq, \bot, \sqcup \rangle$
- Transformer: $F \in D \mapsto D$
- Least fixpoint: $Ifp \models F = \bigsqcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} F^n(\bot)$ (under appropriate hypotheses)



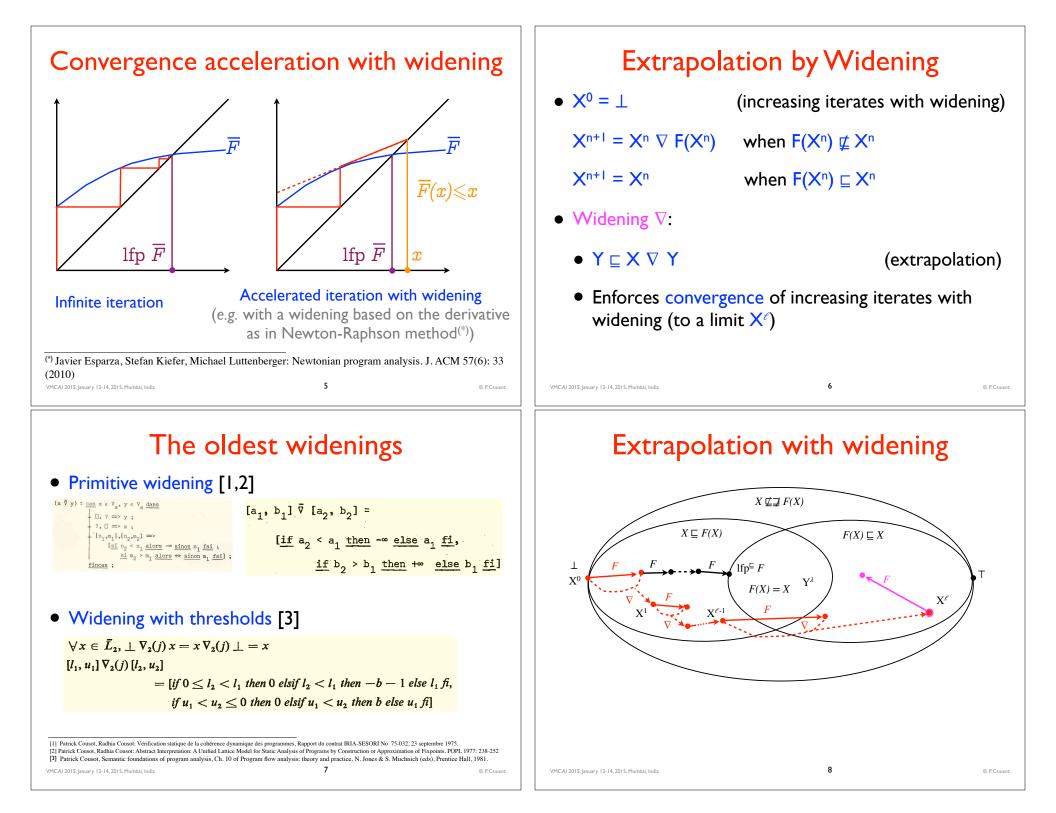
Convergence acceleration with widening

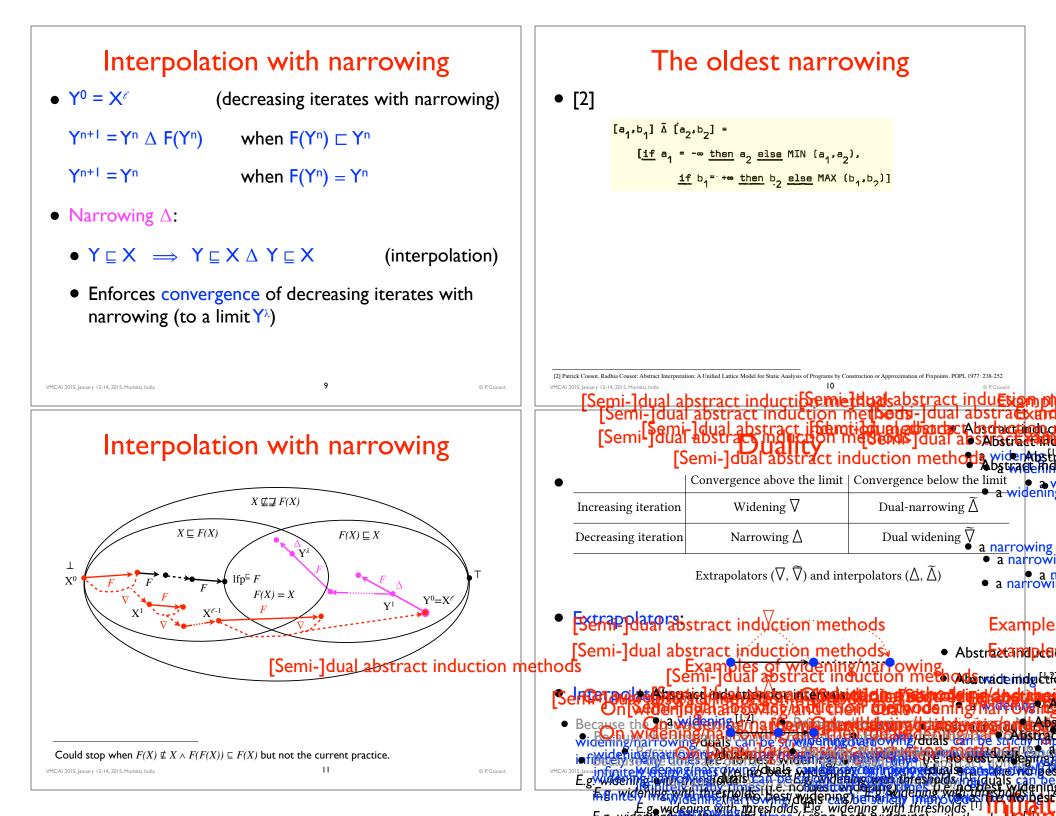
4

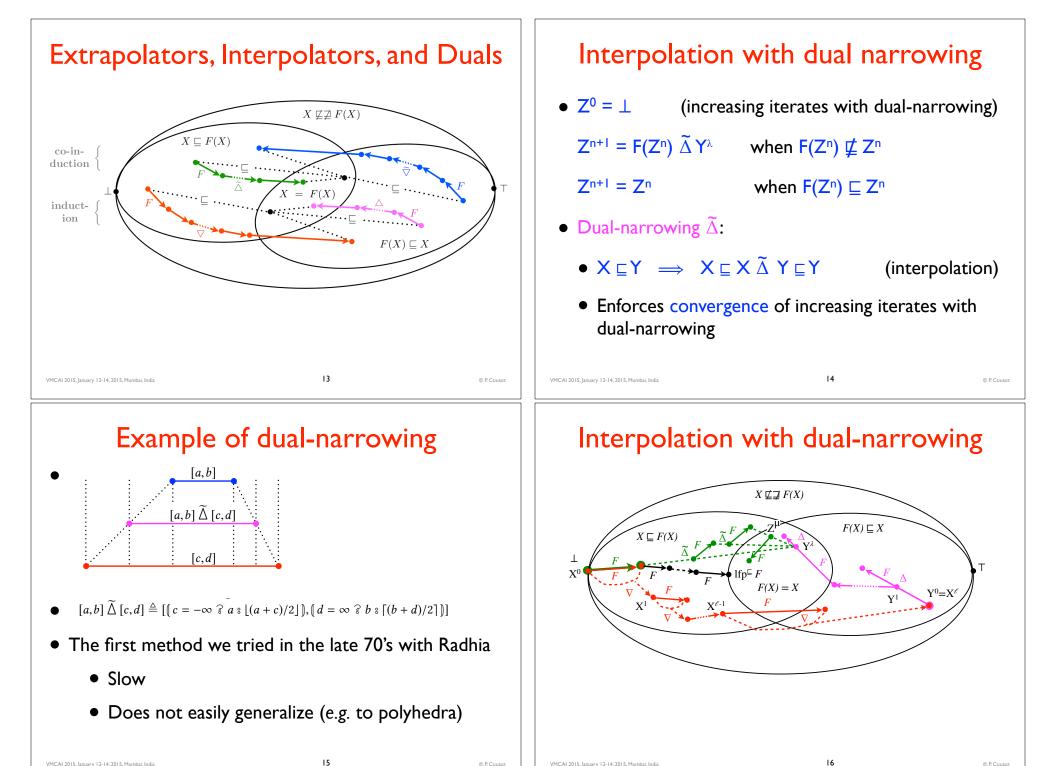


Infinite iteration

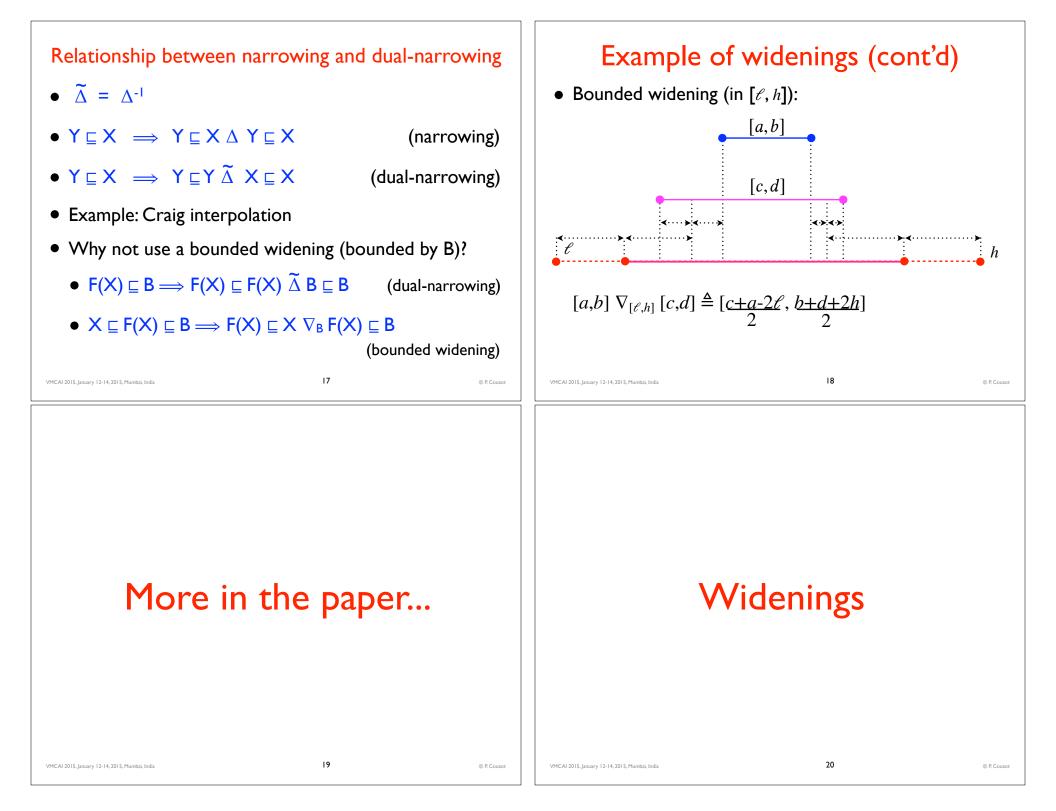
VMCAI 2015, January 12-14, 2015, Mumbai, India

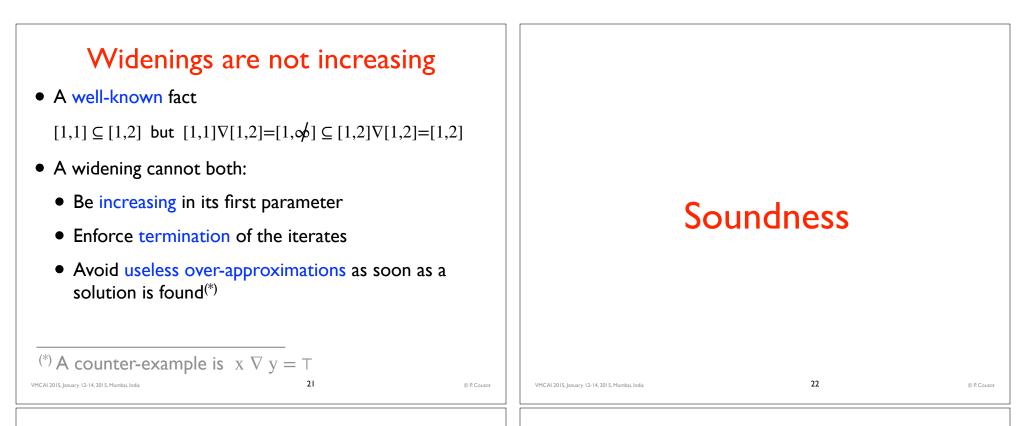






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Soundness

- In the paper, the fixpoint approximation soundness theorems are expressed with minimalist hypotheses:
 - No need for complete lattices, complete partial orders (CPO's):
 - The concrete domain is a poset
 - The abstract domain is a pre-order
 - The concretization is defined for the abstract iterates only.

Soundness (cont'd)

- No need for increasingness/monotony hypotheses for fixpoint theorems (Tarski, Kleene, etc)
 - The concrete transformer is increasing and the limit of the iterations does exist in the concrete domain
 - No hypotheses on the abstract transformer (no need for fixpoints in the abstract)
 - Soundness hypotheses on the extrapolators/ interpolators with respect to the concrete
- In addition, termination hypotheses on the extrapolators/interpolators ensure convergence in finitely many steps

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Soundness (cont'd)

- No need for increasingness/monotony hypotheses for fixpoint theorems (Tarski, Kleene, etc)
 - The concrete transformer is increasing and the limit of the iterations does exist in the concrete domain
 - No hypotheses on the abstract transformer (no need for fixpoints in the abstract)
 - Soundness hypotheses on the extrapolators/ interpolators with respect to the concrete

Examples of interpolators

Craig interpolation

• Craig interpolation:

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```
Given P \Longrightarrow Q find I such that P \Longrightarrow I \Longrightarrow Q with var(I) \subseteq var(P) \cap var(Q)
```

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is a dual narrowing (already observed by Vijay D'Silva and Leopold Haller as an inversed narrowing)

Craig interpolation

• Craig interpolation:

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Given $P \Longrightarrow Q$ find I such that $P \Longrightarrow I \Longrightarrow Q$ with $var(I) \subseteq var(P) \cap var(Q)$

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is a dual narrowing (already observed by Vijay D'Silva and Leopold Haller as an inversed narrowing)

• This evidence looked very controversial to some reviewers

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Craig interpolation • Craig interpolation: Given $P \Longrightarrow Q$ find I such that $P \Longrightarrow I \Longrightarrow Q$ with $var(I) \subseteq var(P) \cap var(Q)$ is a dual narrowing (already observed by Vijay D'Silva Conclusion and Leopold Haller as an inversed narrowing) This evidence looked very controversial to some reviewers • The generalization of an idea does not diminish in any way the merits and originality of this idea 29 30 VMCAI 2015, January 12-14, 2015, Mumbai, India © P. Cousot VMCAI 2015, January 12-14, 2015, Mumbai, India © P. Cousot Conclusion • Abstract interpretation in infinite domains is traditionally by iteration with widening/narrowing. • We have shown how to use iteration with dualnarrowing (alone or after widening/narrowing). The End, Thank You • These ideas of the 70's generalize Craig interpolation from logic to arbitrary abstract domains.

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